



St George's C of E Infant and Nursery School St Margaret's C of E Junior School Northam Schools' Federation

Equality Policy and Statement 2022-2023

Equality Statement

All staff at our Federation provide equality of education and opportunity for all within our care, irrespective of race, gender, disability, faith or religion or socio-economic background.

Here at Northam Federation, we promote Equality and Diversity by:

- Treating all staff and children fairly
- Creating an inclusive culture for all staff and children
- Ensuring equal access to opportunities to enable children to fully participate in the learning process and enrichment activities
- Helping all staff and children to develop their full potential
- Equipping staff and children with the skills to challenge inequality and discrimination in their work/learning environment
- Making certain that learning materials do not discriminate against any individuals or groups
- Ensuring policies, procedures and processes promote equality and diversity
- Supporting national campaigns
- Engaging with our local community in North Devon and beyond

Part 1

Equality Policy includes a plan that outlines objectives and the actions that as a federation we will take to:

- Eliminate discrimination and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
- Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.
- Foster good relations across all characteristics – between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.

The primary aim of Northam Schools' Federation is to enable all pupils to take part as fully as possible in every part of school life by developing each child's self-confidence, recognising their strengths and encouraging them to achieve their full potential.

Northam Schools' Federation will take steps to advance equality of opportunity, foster good relations and eliminate discrimination or harassment across all the protected characteristics (age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sexual orientation, sex)

This means:

- We will take reasonable and necessary steps to meet pupils' needs by using a variety of approaches and planning reasonable adjustments for disabled pupils, enabling our pupils to take as full a part as possible in all the activities of the federation.
- We will make reasonable adjustments to ensure the school environment and its activities are as accessible and welcoming as possible for pupils, staff and visitors to the federation.
- We are also committed to ensuring staff with a disability have equality of opportunity.
- We will actively encourage positive attitudes towards pupils and staff and expect everyone to treat others with dignity and respect.
- We will regularly consider the ways in which the taught and wider curricula will help to promote awareness of the rights of individuals and develop the skills of participation and responsible action.
- We will regularly consider the ways in which our teaching and the curriculum provision will support high standards of attainment, promote common values, and help pupils understand and value the diversity that surrounds them, and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.
- We will monitor the progress and achievement of pupils by the relevant and appropriate protected characteristics. This information will help the federation to ensure that individual pupils are achieving their potential, the federation is being inclusive in practice, and trends are identified which inform the setting of our equality objectives in the federation improvement plan.
- We will collect and analyse information about protected characteristics in relation to staff recruitment, retention, training opportunities and promotions to ensure all staff have equality of opportunity.
- We will not ask health-related questions to job applicants before offering a job, unless it relates to an intrinsic function of the work they do.
- We will make reasonable adjustments such as providing auxiliary aids for our disabled staff.
- Staff will ensure the curriculum is accessible to all pupils with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) or those for whom English is not their first language. Auxiliary aids and services will be provided for them, where reasonable adjustments are required.
- By planning ahead, staff will ensure that all pupils are able to take part in extra-curricular activities and residential visits, and the federation will monitor the uptake of these visits to ensure no one is disadvantaged on the grounds of a protected characteristic.
- We will seek the views of advisory staff and outside agencies and partnerships with other schools where this is needed.
- In planning the curriculum and resources the school will take every opportunity to promote and advance equality.
- Bullying and Prejudice Related Incidents will be carefully monitored and dealt with effectively. Regular training will be given to both existing and new staff to ensure that they are aware of the process for reporting and following up incidents of prejudice-related bullying (follow link to new DCC guidance).
- We expect that all staff will be role-models for equal opportunities, deal with bullying and discriminatory incidents and be able to identify and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.
- Throughout the year, the federation will plan on-going events to raise awareness of equality and diversity. This may include a focus on disability, respect for other cultures, religions and beliefs, anti-homophobia/gay pride, gender equality, developing community cohesion and an understanding of the effects of discrimination. This will be set out as equality objectives in the federation improvement plan.
- We will regularly seek the views of pupils, parents, advisory staff and visitors to the federation, to ensure that St. Margaret's and St. George's environment is as safe and accessible as possible to all school users. We will regularly review our accessibility plans.

- The federation welcomes a diverse range of candidates and encourages those who are currently under-represented to join.
- We will ensure that all staff are aware of their legal duties under the Equality Act 2010, the different forms of discrimination and what 'reasonable adjustments' mean in practice.
- Training and awareness sessions will be set out in the school improvement plan.
- The federation will consult with stakeholders, i.e. pupils, parents/carers, staff and relevant community groups, to establish equality objectives and draw up a plan based on information collected on protected groups and accessibility planning. These equality objectives will be reviewed and reported on annually.
- The federation has an equality page on its websites to show how it is complying with the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) in the Equality Act 2010 and advancing equality of opportunity.
- When drawing up policies, it is best practice to carry out an equality impact assessment (EIA) to ensure a policy does not, even inadvertently, disadvantage groups of pupils with protected characteristics. As a minimum, the governing body must consider to what extent a new/revised policy, practice or plan meets the Public Sector Equality Duties (eliminates discrimination, advances equality and fosters good relations for all the protected characteristics) and recommend changes/mitigations should it feel the policy, practice or plan could be improved to fulfil the Duties (DCC policies will have already had EIAs carried out).

Part 2

Our Legal Duties

Legislation relating to equality and discrimination is laid out in the Equality Act 2010.

This legislation covers employment (work), the provision of services and public functions, and education.

Employers (schools) are liable for discriminatory acts of their employees if they did not take reasonable steps to prevent such acts. Employees can be liable for acts (where an employer took reasonable steps to prevent such acts).

The 'Protected Characteristics' within equality law are:

Protected Characteristics	
Age	A person of a particular age (e.g. 32-year-old) or a range of ages (e.g. 18 – 30-year olds). Age discrimination does not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.
Disability	person has a disability if s/he has, or has had, a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. It includes discrimination arising from something connected with their disability such as use of aids or medical conditions. HIV, multiple sclerosis and cancer are all considered as disabilities, regardless of their effect.
Gender Reassignment	A person (usually with „gender dysphoria“) who is proposing to undergo, is undergoing or has undergone gender reassignment (the process of changing physiological or other attributes of sex, therefore changing from male to female, or female to male). „Trans“ is an umbrella term to describe people with this „Gender Identity“. „Intersex“ or „Third Sex“ is not covered by the Act but the federation will treat Intersex children with the same degree of equality as children with gender dysphoria. Children as young as five may begin to show signs of gender dysphoria and therefore it is relevant in any school environment. (The Intercom Trust in Devon supports schools in supporting children undergoing gender reassignment).
Marriage and Civil Partnership	Marriage and civil partnership discrimination do not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.
Pregnancy and Maternity	Maternity refers to the period of 26 weeks after the birth (including still births), which reflects the period of a woman's Ordinary Maternity Leave entitlement in the employment context. In employment, it also covers (where eligible) the period up to the end of her Additional Maternity Leave.
Race	A person's colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin. It includes Travellers and Gypsies as well as White British people.
Religion and Belief	Religious and philosophical beliefs including lack of belief. Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included in the definition. Religion and belief discrimination do not prevent a school from carrying out collective worship or other curriculum-based activities, but pupils may withdraw from acts of collective worship.
Sex	A man or a woman.
Sexual Orientation	A person's sexual orientation towards the same sex (lesbian or gay), the opposite sex (heterosexual) or to both sexes (bisexual). Although children may not identify as gay or lesbian when very young, promotion of sexual orientation equality is as relevant in a primary school environment as it is in a secondary school. For example, a child may have an older sibling or parent who is gay. Children may experience friends „questioning“ or „coming out“ when they are in secondary school or college. Schools with a particular religious ethos cannot discriminate against lesbian, gay or bisexual pupils.

It is also unlawful to discriminate because of the sex, race, disability, religion or belief, sexual orientation or gender reassignment of another person with whom the pupil is associated. So, for example, a school must not discriminate by refusing to admit a pupil because his parents are gay men or lesbians. It would be race discrimination to treat a white pupil less favourably because she has a black boyfriend.

'Prohibited Conduct' (acts that are unlawful):

Protected Characteristics	
Direct Discrimination	Less favourable treatment because of a protected characteristic.
Indirect Discrimination	A provision, criteria or practice that puts a person at a particular disadvantage and is not a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.
Harassment	Conduct which has the purpose or effect of violating dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment. It includes harassment by a third party (e.g. customer or contractor) in the employment context.
Victimisation	Subjecting a person to a detriment because of their involvement with proceedings (a complaint) brought in connection with this Act.
Discrimination arising from disability	Treating someone unfavourably because of something connected with their disability (such as periods of absence from work or medical conditions) and failure to make reasonable adjustments.
Gender re-assignment discrimination	Not allowing reasonable absence from work for the purpose of gender-reassignment in line with normal provision such as sick leave).
Pregnancy/maternity related discrimination	Unfavourable treatment because of pregnancy or maternity. It includes unfavourable treatment of a woman or girl because she is breastfeeding.
Discrimination by association or perception	For example, discriminating against someone because they "look gay", or because they have a gay brother; discriminating against someone because they care for a disabled relative.

Schools are allowed to treat disabled pupils more favourably than non-disabled pupils, and in some cases are required to do so, by making reasonable adjustments to put them on a more level footing with pupils without disabilities.

Public Sector Duties (applies to schools):

A school must, in the exercise of its functions, give due regard to the need to (in relation to protected characteristics above):

1. Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other prohibited conduct.
2. Advance equality of opportunity (remove or minimise disadvantage; meet people's needs; take account of disabilities; encourage participation in public life).
3. Foster good relations between people (tackle prejudice and promote understanding).

In practice, 'due regard' means giving relevant and proportionate consideration to the duty, so decision makers in schools must have due regard when making a decision, developing a policy or taking an action as to whether it may have implications for people because of their protected characteristics.

Reasonable Adjustments and Accessibility Plans (Schedule 10)

Schools are required to:

- Take reasonable steps to avoid disadvantage caused by a provision, criteria or practice or a physical feature that puts a disabled person at a substantial disadvantage compared to a non-disabled person. This involves removing or avoiding a physical feature, for example steps and lifts.
- Take reasonable steps to provide auxiliary aids/services.
- Provide information in an accessible format.
- Develop and implement (by allocating appropriate resources) Accessibility Plans which will:
 - Increase disabled pupils' access to the school curriculum
 - Improve the physical environment
 - Improve provision of information.

The duty is an anticipatory and continuing one that schools owe to disabled pupils generally, regardless of whether the school knows that a particular pupil is disabled or whether the school currently has disabled pupils. The federation will need to plan ahead for the reasonable adjustments that it may need to make, working with the relevant admissions authority as appropriate.

For more information download guidance from the DfE:

<http://www.education.gov.uk/aboutdfe/policiesandprocedures/equalityanddiversity/a0064570/the-equality-act-2010>

and Equality Human Rights website:

<http://www.equalityhumanrights.com> which includes the guidance for education providers (schools)

or Devon County Council:

<http://www.devon.gov.uk/equalitylegislation.htm>

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 introduced a duty on all maintained schools in England to promote community cohesion. Aspects of educational legislation have also promoted equal opportunities, for example the Education Act includes a duty for local authorities to educate children with special educational needs in mainstream schools wherever possible.

Responsibilities

Governing Body	<p>Ensure that the Northam Schools' Federation complies with equality-related legislation.</p> <p>Ensure that the policy and its procedures are implemented by the Headteacher.</p> <p>Ensure all other federation policies promote equality.</p> <p>Give due regard to the Public Sector Equality Duty when making decisions.</p>
Head Teachers	<p>Implement the policy and its related procedures.</p> <p>Make all staff aware of their responsibilities and provide training as appropriate to enable them to effectively deliver this policy.</p> <p>Take appropriate action in any case of actual or potential discrimination.</p> <p>Ensure that all staff understand their duties regarding recruitment and providing reasonable adjustments to staff. It is unlawful for an employer to enquire about the health of an applicant for a job until a job offer has been made, unless the questions are specifically related to an intrinsic function of the work – for example ensuring that applicants for a PE teaching post have the physical capability to carry out the duties. Schools should no longer require job applicants to complete a generic health questionnaire. Neither should a school seek out past sickness records until they have made a job offer.</p> <p>Ensure that all staff and pupils are aware of the process for reporting and following up bullying and prejudice-related incidents.</p>
Deputy Head Teacher	<p>Support the Headteacher in the implementation of the policy and its related procedures.</p> <p>Make all staff aware of their responsibilities and provide training as appropriate to enable them to effectively deliver this policy.</p> <p>Take appropriate action in any case of actual or potential discrimination.</p> <p>Support the Executive Headteacher in ensuring that all staff understand their duties regarding recruitment and providing reasonable adjustments to staff (as above).</p> <p>Schools should no longer require job applicants to complete a generic health questionnaire. Neither should a school seek out past sickness records until they have made a job offer.</p> <p>Support the Executive Headteacher in ensuring that all staff and pupils are aware of the process for reporting and following up bullying and prejudice-related incidents.</p>
SENDCO	<p>Implement the policy and its related procedures ensuring that they champion those children on the SEND register.</p> <p>Make all staff aware of their responsibilities and provide training as appropriate to enable them to effectively deliver this policy in relation to children with identified SEND.</p> <p>Take appropriate action in any case of actual or potential discrimination, particularly against those children with identified SEND needs.</p> <p>Provide a voice for those children with SEND to enable the process for reporting and following up bullying and prejudice-related incidents.</p> <p>Ensure reasonable adjustments for SEND children to put them on a more level footing with pupils without physical or learning disabilities.</p>
All Staff	<p>Enact this policy, its commitments and procedures, and their responsibilities associated with this policy.</p> <p>Deal with bullying and discriminatory incidents, and know how to identify and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.</p> <p>Promote equality and good relations and not discriminate on any grounds.</p> <p>Attend such training and information opportunities as necessary to enact this policy and keep up to date with equality legislation.</p> <p>To be models of equal opportunities through their words and actions.</p>
Pupils	<p>Refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour or any other behaviour that contravenes this policy.</p>
Visitors	<p>To be aware of, and comply with, the Northam Schools' Federation's equality policy.</p> <p>To refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour (for example, racist language) on federation school premises.</p>

Definitions

Equality	This is more clearly defined as equality of opportunity and outcome, rather than equality of treatment. This means treating people fairly and according to their needs as some people may need to be treated differently in order to achieve an equal outcome.
Inclusive	Making sure everyone can participate, whatever their background or circumstances.
Diversity	Recognising that we are all different. Diversity is an outcome of equality and inclusion.
Cohesion	People from different backgrounds getting on well together (good community relations). There is a shared vision and sense of purpose or belonging. Diversity is valued. Relationships are strong, supportive and sustainable. Cohesion is an outcome of equality and inclusion.
Community	From the federation's perspective, the term "community" has a number of meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The federation community – the pupils we serve, their families and the federation's staff.• The community within which the federation is located – in its geographical community, and the people who live and/or work in that area.• The community of Britain – all schools by definition are part of it.• The global community – formed by European and international links.
Gender Dysphoria	Gender dysphoria is a recognised condition in which a person feels that there is a mismatch between their biological sex and their gender identity. Biological sex is assigned at birth, depending on the appearance of the infant. Gender identity is the gender that a person "identifies" with, or feels themselves to be.

Part 3

Equality Objectives 2019-2023

Northam Schools' Federation is committed to ensuring quality of provision throughout St. Margaret's and St. George's Schools

There are a number of statutory duties that must be met by every school in line with legislation from the Race relations Amendment Act 2000, Disability Equality Duty 2005 and Equality Act 2010.

Northam Schools Federation is committed to meeting its public sector duties and acknowledges that we have a statutory duty to:

- Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation.
- Promote equality of access and opportunity within our school and within our wider community.
- Promote positive attitudes to difference and good relationships between people with different backgrounds, genders, cultures, faiths, abilities and ethnic origins.

The leadership team and Governors at Northam Schools' Federation regularly review the progress that we are making to meet our equality objectives with regard to those with protected characteristics (age, race, gender reassignment, disability, marriage and civil partnership, religion and belief, pregnancy and maternity, gender, sexual orientation) within the federation, under the Equality Act 2010.

Equality Objectives

At Northam Schools' Federation we are committed to ensuring quality of education and opportunity for all pupils, staff, parents and careers, irrespective of race, gender, disability, belief, religion or socio-economic background.

In order to further support pupils, raise standards and ensure inclusive teaching, we have set the following objectives:

Equality Objective Detail of activities	Equality Objective Detail of activities	Equality Objective Detail of activities	Equality Objective Detail of activities
Continue to monitor pupil achievement by race, gender and disability and act upon any trend or patterns in this data that require additional support for pupils	Termly data drop, termly pupil progress meetings with all teaching staff, class profile updates, My Plan completion and meetings.	Headteacher SENDCO Class Teacher	All children will achieve their full potential, regardless of race, gender or disability. There will be no discernible differences between children with protected characteristics and their peers.
To continue to raise levels of attainment in core subjects for vulnerable learners	Termly data drop, termly pupil progress meetings with all teaching staff, class profile updates, My Plan completion and meetings, additional intervention where applicable.	Headteacher Maths and English subject leaders	Identified learners will narrow the gap between them and their peers
To continue to monitor and support attendance of all groups of children in school	Monthly meeting with EWO to review attendance of all groups. Learning mentor or home/school liaison officer to support identified families. Weekly review of attendance rates across the school	Headteacher Attendance Officer. SEND Governor	All children will achieve full attendance (96% and above), regardless of race, gender or disability. There will be no discernible differences between children with protected characteristics and their peers.
To review levels of parental and pupil engagement with learning and school life, across all activities, to ensure equity and fairness in access and engagement	Monitor attendance at My Plan meetings, Parent/teacher interviews, parent workshops, open mornings, school trips and celebration events to ensure access for all. Provide support/alternatives for identified pupils/families.	Headteacher SENDCO Class Teachers	All families will be able to access school based activities in a manner appropriate to their needs.
To ensure the school environment is as accessible as possible to pupils, staff and visitors	Termly Health and Safety walks to ensure accessibility. Weekly inspections by Caretaker Appropriate schedule of work action by Governing Body to remedy/improve facilities.	Headteacher Health and Safety Governor Caretaker	The school environment is as accessible as possible to pupils, staff and visitors and is regularly reviewed to enable this to continue.
Deal with and eliminate any prejudiced based incidents by children, staff or parents.	Set expectations for all staff in briefings regarding this. All policies will be reviewed with an Equality Act statement of intent.	All Staff Governors	Headteacher's Reports and absence of any adverse comments will demonstrate elimination and appropriate dealing with any incidents.

Part 4

Equality Checklist/Audit (with suggested evidence in purple)

1. Where possible, necessary and relevant, and in accordance with data protection legislation, is information collected on protected groups (disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation) with regard to both pupils and staff? Is this information used to improve the provision of services? Are auxiliary aids and services provided for disabled pupils?

The federation gathers such information and uses it to understand the federation context in relation to protected characteristics. The Devon SEND audit and framework will show you have collected evidence on pupils with SEND. Further guidance on monitoring is available from the Equality and Human Rights Commission's website (EHRC). It is advisable to follow guidance and take into account data protection legislation when gathering information about people. You will already collect information in relation to gender, race, disability/SEND and free school meal status. For other protected characteristics such as sexual orientation, other methods of information gathering may be necessary such as anonymous surveys as some pupils may not be „out“ about their sexual orientation. Sexual orientation may not be apparent in primary school children so there would be no need to collect data on this protected characteristic. Other data includes bullying and prejudice-related incidents. Please follow EHRC guidance.

2. Is pupil achievement monitored by protected characteristics? Are there any trends or patterns in the data that may require additional action?

Rigorous systems of analysis of pupil performance data by protected characteristics, including clear monitoring and evaluation by governors, so that any significant differences between groups with protected characteristics are swiftly recognised and investigated. This analysis feeds clearly into federation improvement planning.

3. Is pupil attendance data monitored by protected groups? Are there any trends or patterns in the data that may require additional action?

Rigorous systems of analysis of pupil attendance data by protected characteristics, including clear monitoring and evaluation by governors, so that any significant differences between groups with protected characteristics are swiftly recognised and investigated. This analysis feeds clearly into federation improvement planning.

4. Is the curriculum equally accessible to all protected characteristics? Are all pupils encouraged to participate in all aspects of school life? How is this shown through representation in school events such as class assemblies and the school council?

Audit and analysis of spread of pupils taking part in different federation activities (in relation to protected characteristics).

5. Are the current reporting systems for bullying and prejudice-related incidents understood and followed by all pupils, staff and visitors? (link to BPRI form & Guidance website) and is this information used to make a difference?

Use of new reporting forms, analysis of bullying and behaviour reports/logs, analysis of incidence logs (staff), evidence that governors analyse data identifying any trends and take required actions including ensuring swift action by staff when incidents happen.

6. Are protected characteristics portrayed positively in school books, displays and discussions such as circle time and class assemblies?

Audit of federation resources/PHSE and RE curriculum.

7. Does the school take part in annual events such as Deaf Awareness Week, Holocaust Memorial Day, Respect, Black History Month or LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Trans) History Month to raise awareness of equality and diversity? Does the school actively try to make pupils aware of discrimination and its effects?

Audit of federation curriculum - demonstrating how the curriculum and its delivery actively fosters good relations between people, tackles prejudices and promotes understanding.

8. Is the school environment as accessible as possible to pupils, staff and visitors to the school? Are open evenings and other events which parents or carers attend held in an accessible part of the school?

Federation Accessibility Plan is up to date. Outcomes of stakeholder consultation on equality link clearly with the school's equality objectives. The impact of objectives is monitored, measured and evaluated.

9. Is information available to parents, visitors, pupils, past pupils and staff in formats which are accessible if required? Is everyone aware of this?

Stakeholders are made aware that information can be made available in different formats, for example large print, translating services etc, and are consulted on this facility. This might be part of The Accessibility Plan.

10. Are staff aware of the 2010 Equality Act and their responsibilities to comply with the Act? Are they aware of the different forms of discrimination? Are they aware of the term 'reasonable adjustments' and what this means in practice?

Clear evidence of on-going staff training and support. An equality policy is adopted and implemented.

11. Are procedures for the election of parent governors open to all candidates and voters? How are different protected characteristics represented on the governing body and does this broadly reflect the diversity within the community?

The governing body has a recruitment procedure which actively encourages membership from protected groups. Procedures for election are accessible to all protected groups.

12. Have recruitment guidelines been changed to ensure that no health questions are asked at interview, or health questionnaires completed before offering a job? Are reasonable adjustments in place for staff with a disability? Are the recruitment, promotion and training opportunities monitored for staff with protected characteristics?

The federation has adopted an up-to-date recruitment policy. Evidence is kept of questions asked at interview. The senior leadership team and the governing body seeks advice and support from Human Resources services when necessary. Staff recruitment, promotion and training are monitored by the governing body.

13. Are equality objectives in place, i.e. has the school identified objectives, drawn up a plan based on information collected on protected characteristics (see above checklist points) and consultation with pupils, parents and staff? Has the school consulted representatives of disabled groups in the community about steps the school is taking to improve access? Does the plan (which forms part of the School Improvement Plan) show how the work supports equality? Are these equality objectives reviewed at least annually?

Audit and consultation are followed by analysis leading to agreed objectives (evidence in governing body annual cycle, agendas and minutes). Objectives form part of Federation Improvement Plan with clear processes and timelines for monitoring and evaluation. There are clear feedback mechanisms to ensure that stakeholders are informed about the outcomes of equality objectives.

14. Is a system in place to ensure that all new and reviewed policies are routinely checked to ensure that they do not have the potential to disadvantage people because of a protected characteristic?

Clear records are kept of Equality Impact Assessments as seen in minutes of governing body meetings, providing evidence that governors have considered the Public Sector Equality Duty. All governors and staff are made aware of this requirement. All policies have a dated statement to show not only when the policy was last reviewed but that it was assessed for impact on protected characteristics.

15. Does the governing body have clear and transparent systems which demonstrate how SEND funding, the pupil premium and PEA money (Personal Education Allowance – which is additional money which may be allocated to Looked After Children) are spent, with clear links to how this money is spent and what impact it has on those groups with the relevant protected characteristics?

The federation has clear financial systems, with clear lines of accountability, terms of reference and minutes of finance meetings, showing clear strategic planning with regard to these separate streams of funding. The governing body monitors and evaluates the impact of funding on protected groups and can evidence that the funding has a direct impact on school improvement.

16. Has the school set up a system, e.g. an equality page on its website, to show how it is complying with the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) in the Equality Act 2010?

An equality policy is published. Minutes of governing body meetings demonstrate that equality issues have been discussed and addressed. A calendar of events, demonstrates that the federation is raising the awareness and understanding of people with protected characteristics (Plus evidence from all other items listed above).